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AB-233750

M.Sc. (Semester-IV) Examination, June-2025 (Backlog)

CHEMISTRY

[Paper: First]

(Biological Chemistry)

Time Allowed: Three Hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Question paper is divided into four sections. Attempt questions of all four sections as per direction.

Distribution of marks is given in each section.



SECTION-A

(Objective Type Questions)

Attempt any ten questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

[10×1=10]

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(1)

[P.T.O.]

(i)	Which of the following is not one of the four main		(iv)	(iv) Glycolysis is the conversion of:			
	biom	olecules?		(a)	Fructose into phosphoenolpyruvate		
	(a)	Carbohydrates		(b)	Fructose into pyruvate		
	(b)	Protein		(c)	Glucose into phosphoenolpyruvate		
	(c)	Lipid		(d)	Glucose into pyruvate		
	(d)	Amino Acid	(v)	e in the second	ature of an enzyme is :		
(ii)	What	t are the two main types of nucleic acids?	(*)	(a)	Lipid		
	(a)	RNA and DNA		(b)	Vitamin		
	(b)	Protein and Corbohydrate		(c)	Carbohydrates		
	(c)	Lipid and Carbohydrate		(d)	Protein		
	(d)	RNA and Lipid	(vi)	Product of Krebs cycle essential for oxidative			
(iii)	What is the building block of proteins?		(VI)	A	phorylation is:		
	(a)	Amino Acid		(a)	NADPH and ATP		
	(b)	Fatty Acid		(b)	Acetyl CoA		
	(c)	Monosaccharide		(c)	CO ₂ and oxylacetate		
	(d)	Nucleotide		(d)	NADH and FADH ₂		
AB-233750		(2)	AB-233750	/540	(3) [P.T.O.]		

(vii)		accept Hydrogen from malate.		(x)	does not cause enzyme inactivation?
	(a)	FAD		(xi)	The coenzymes NAD⁺, FAD, and NADP⁺ are
	(b)	NAD			
	(c)	NADP		(xii)	Acetyl CoA is formed from pyruvate byreaction.
	(d)	FMN			SECTION-B
(viii)		s reduced in which of the reaction of the cycle?		()	Very Short Answer Type Questions)
	(a)	Isocitrate to Oxaloacetate	Note:		opt any five questions. Each question carries 2 s. (word limit : 25-30 words) [5×2=10]
	(b)	Succinyl CoA to Succinate	2.	(i)	What is denaturation of protein?
	(c)	Fumarate to Malate		(ii)	What is Amino-acids? Classify it.
	(d)	Succinate to Fumarate			하다는 얼마를 다른 사람들이 얼마를 받았다.
(ix)		ion of invertase by sucrose falls into which ory of Inhibition?		(iii)	Describe the role of NADH and FADH ₂ in the Citric acid cycle.
	(a)	Substrate inhibition		(iv)	Ramachandran plot can be used to predict which type of structure?
	(b)	Non-competitive inhibition			
	(c)	Product inhibition		(v)	What is the difference between a coenzyme and a prosthetic group?
	(d)	Competitive inhibition			
AB-233750/540 (4)		AB-2	33750	/540 (5) [P.T.O.]	

- (vi) What is the principle of molecular recognition?
- (vii) What is the full form of NAD, NADP, FAD?
- (viii) What is the 'Lock and Key' model of enzyme activity?

SECTION-C

(Short Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any five questions. Each question carries 4 marks. (word limit: 250 words) [5×4=20]

- (i) Define is Amino Acids? Explain the structure and functions of Amino acids.
 - (ii) Write the following:
 - (a) DNA / RNA structure
 - (b) Lipoic acid
 - (iii) What is the protein folding? Explain with examples.
 - (iv) Explain the various form of DNA.

- (v) Explain the mechanism of action of Chymotripsin.
- (vi) Describe the oxidative phosphorylation.
- (vii) What is the gene expression? Give with example.
- (viii) What is the chiral recognition? Explain with example.

SECTION-D

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Note: Attempt any three questions. Each question carries 10 marks. (word limit: 500 words) [3×10=30]

- 4. (i) Write short notes on the following:
 - (a) Lipids
 - (b) Ramachandran plot
 - (ii) Discuss the structure of t-RNA and function and structure of pyridoxal phosphate.
 - (iii) Write the following:
 - (a) Glycolysis
 - (b) Transcription and Translation

(7)

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[P.T.O.]

- (iv) (a) Discuss the structure and biological functions of NAD+, NADP+ and FAD.
 - (b) Describe the DNA binding Protein Zinc finger proteins.



